ARTILLERY MOVEMENTS.

harbor, will begin by order of the War Depart-

ment on the 12th instant and be completed in

three days. At the same time the Fifth Artil-

lery, now stationed at San Francisco, will move

on the East and take up quarters at the posts vacated by the First. The Third, now at South

ern posts, will move then on San Francisco.

The department's orders direct Lieut.-Col

Marcus P. Miller, headquarters, staff, and band

to proceed from Fort Hamilton, Battery E from Fort Wadsworth, and Battery M from Fort Slocum, to St. Francis Barracks, St. Augustine, Fla., which will be the headquarters of the

THE NEW TORPEDO BOATS.

The Ordnance Bureau Think the SO-Knot

Boats Should Be Given to the Herreshoffs,

Washington, Oct. 1.-The Naval Ordnance

Bureau has protested against the report of the

Board on torpedo boats, which recommended

that the three thirty-knot boats be awarded,

two each to the Bath company and the other to

the United Iron Works, the objection being

that all three should be given to the Herreshoffs. The ordnance people believe that the

builders of the Defender are the most competent

torpedo-boat constructors in the country, and that, while their bids were higher than the

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 .- Orders were issued to-

day for the final trial and inspection at sea of

the battle ship Massachusetts. Commodore

Dewey, Chief Engineer Stivers, Naval Con-

constituting the Board of Inspection and Sur-

The Asiatic Flect.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 .- The present strength

AR INJUNCTION SOUGHT AGAINST FRENCH COMPANIES.

eral Harmon Alleges That They Are Endeavoring to Obtain a Landing in the United States in Spite of This Government's Express Conditions By direction of 'Attorney-General Judson Harmon, United States District Attorney Wallace Mactarlane has filed in the office of John A. Shields, Clerk of the United States Circuit Court, a bill of complaint in a suit brought by the United States against La Compagnie Française des Cabler Talegraphiques, the United States and Hatti Telegraph and Cable Company, and the United States and Hayti Cable Company. The complaint, which covers forty typewritten pages, alleges that the defendant companies are combining and conspirfor the purpose of monopolising a part of the trade and commerce between the United States and the several States thereof and foreign nations to the irreparable injury of the people and business interests of this country. An injunction is asked to prevent the defendants from carrying out their alleged unlawful agreement and from establishing their connecting cables on the shores of the

The more important detailed statements of the

complaint are in substance as follows: La Compagnie Française des Cables Télégraphiques is the successor in interest of com panies heretofore known as La Compagnie Française du Télégraphe de Paris à New York, La Société Française des Télégraphes Sousmarins, and of other French companies in the ownership of certain transatlantic cables be tween the United States and France, and of certain submarine cables in and between sev eral islands of the West Indies known as the Antilles, and of other lines of cable extending from these islands to several South American countries. La Compagnie Française des Cables cables starting from Santiago de Cuba and running thence to Hayti, San Domingo, Marti nique, and Guadeloupe in the West Indies, and ce to Dutch Gulana, French Guiana, and Brazil in South America, and also a direct line from the island of San Domingo to Venez These cables were laid under conces sions from the various countries giving the company exclusive right to land and to operate them between those countries and the United States for periods of from twenty-five to sixty years from the dates of concessions, which were granted between 1888 and 1890. By

of submarine cable in those countries. La Com pagnie Française des Cables Téléwas organized under laws of France on July 2, 1895, and entered into an agreement with the French Governmenton Dec. 29,1895, to without intermediaries the cables traversing the Caribbean Sea with the transatiantic line. It also agreed to lay a new cable insert from Breat to a landing near Cape Cod, Mass. The French Government agreed to pay the cable company an annual subsidy of 800,000 france during a period of thirty years. The cable company and its predecessors had been endeavoring for years to land a cable on the shores of the United States, but they could not obtain the permission of the United States Government, except on condition that the French company should surrender its cable monopoly between the United States and the islands and South American countries.

For the purpose of exading this obstacle, it is charged in he bill of complaint. La Compante Française des Cables Télégraphiques entered into an unlawful agreement with the other defendant companies to secure direct communication between the United States and the West Indies and South American system of cables.

The United States and Heyti Cable Comoperate within two years a cable connecting

reason of these concessions no American com panies or citizens are permitted to land lines

of cables.

The United States and Hayti Cable Company was organized on Feb. 4, 1895, under the laws of West Virginia, with a capital of but \$10,000, its incorporators being John W. Mackay, Jr., and Albert B. Chandler. This W. Mackay, Jr., and Albert B. Chandler. This company, it is charged, was organized in the interest of the French company, for the purpose of laying a few miles of cable from Coney island out to sea, which could then be controlled with the West Indies and South American colle system. By this scheme La Compagnie Française des Cables Talegraphiques would scape the conditions and maintain its monopolistic and exclusive concessions from West Indian and South American countries, at the same them fulfilling as contract with the French Government and earning the large subsidy.

subsidy.

Ten miles of cable were laid from Coney Island about July 4. 1895, and then the United States and Haiti Telegraph and Cable Company was organized under the laws of the State of New York, the nominal capital being \$1,800,000, and the incorporators Albert B. Chandler, Albert Beck, John Beattle, Edward C. Platt, John W. Mackay, and theorge Clapperton. The purpose of this company was to build a telegraph line from New York city to Coney Island, and connect there with a cable. build a telegraph line from New York city to Coney Island, and connect there with a cable to Hayti. Wires from New York city through Connecticut, Rhode Island, Boston, and to points on the coast of Massachusetts were also provided for. The United States and Haiti Telegraph and Cable Company, it is alleged is the successor of the United States and Hayti Cable Company, is controlled by the same interests, and has for its purpose to assist the French table company to achieve its unlawful objects.

combination of these companies, it is charged, was consummated in view of a bill which has been before the United States Senate since May 27, 1896, entitled, "An act regulating the establishment of submaring telegraphic lines or systems in the United States," the passage of which would defeat the French cable company's efforts to secure a landing in the United States.

The French company has chartered two ships.
The French company has chartered two ships.
The French company has chartered two ships.
The shore end of the connecting cable off Hayti.
The other vessel, the British oteamer Seine, is
The other vessel, the British oteamer Seine, is w ready to make a connection with the Coney land caule, and it is asked that an injunction speedily granted.

T. F. KELLEY A HIGAMIST. Married His Second Wife While on a May

Excursion to Oscawana Lake. Thomas F. Kelley, 27 years old, until recently a bookkeeper in a Brooklyn dry goeds store. was yesterday before Justice Walsh in the Adams street police court in that city on a charge of bigamy. He admits that he had two wives, but said he was married to the second one while so intoxicated that he did not realize what he was doing. He married Miss Cecilia

Urnes on Sept. 15, 1893, in Brooklyn. His second wife, Miss Mary Sherer, a protty twenty-year-old blonde, he married at Oscawana Lake Sherer was his assistant in the dry Miss Sherer was his assistant in the dry roods store and accompanied him on an excer-ion to the lake on that day. The couple got narried hefore their return to the city. Mr. Celles continued to live with his first wife at heir home in Prince street, and she did not earn of the excursion incident until a few lays ago, when she took steps to have her hus-and presecuted. Wife No. 2, who did not nove from her boarding house, has not joined

he proceedings. Ir. Kelley said that Miss Sherer knew he was a married man, and he never would have gone through the ceremony with her if he had had any knowledge of what he was doing. Jus-tice Walsh held aim for the Grand Jury, and before his departure for the jall his first wife gave him a package of cigarettes.

PAID HER FINE IN GOLD.

When Arrested for Solletting She Said She

Was Arguing for Honest Money. Louise Descartes, a young French woman, who said that she lived in West Twenty-eighth street, was arraigned in Jefferson Market Court by Policeman Fleston of the West Thirtieth street station on a charge of soliciting. Fleston said that he saw her speak to two en on Broadway at 3 A. M.

What have you got to say?" asked Magistrate Crane

"I did not solicit these men," said the woman. "I merely asked them to vote for honest money, and gave them an argument for the gold standbelieve you are lying to me," said Magis-Orane, "and for that reason I will fine

you \$10."
When the woman went to pay the fine she said to Clerk Demarest:
"Maybe you will believe that I believe in honest mency now." flinging on the deak as she spoke a \$10 gold place. That is the only kind of money I carry, "she added.
Clerk Demarest, who is a gold man, said that it was the first time a fine had been paid in gold since the currency panic of 1893.

Only \$11 for the Ethelwynn,

The yacht Ethelwynn, the once famous halfrater, has been sold at auction by the United States Marshal in Brooklyn for \$11 to satisfy a ciaim of \$58.74 for repairs. During a heavy gale early in September the Ethelwynn was blown from her anchorage in Gravesend Bay, and almost completely wrecked against the Avoca Villa pier. THE BEST NEWS THERE IS.

Beasons Why California Newspapers Profes the United Press. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 1.-The action of the San Francisco Examiner in abandoning the service of the Chicago Associated Press and orming a permanent alliance with the United Associated Presses has occasioned much com-

The San Francisco Daily Report says: "The Examiner has come in out of the wet. It has oined the United Press and will hereafter be able to give accurate telegraphic news from all parts of the world." The Report congratulates the Eraminer "on this most recent proof of its

The Stockton Record says: "The Examiner nuouncement is the highest tribute to the United Press service and the strongest condemnation of the old system, that never was reliable and has been growing more unreliable ever

ble and has been growing more unreliable every year."

The San José Neus remarks: "It is hardly necessary to direct attentien to the superiority of the news service of the United Press, but it is gratifying to note that the principal newspapers of the Westare recognizing the fact that it is the only service which covers the news field of the world. The Chleago Associated Press received almost a knock-out blow when the Examiner sent in its realgnation and joined the United Press."

The Salt Lake City Heroid says: "The Heroid has been served by the United Associated Press. The San Francisco Examiner made the change fur the same reason that the Heroid dithat its readers might have the very best there is:"

change for the same reason that the Herald didthat its readers might have the very best
there is."

The San José Mercury says: "Driven by the
necessity of the situation one by one the California dailies are severing their connection with
the Chicago Associated Press. The San Francisco Examiner has confessed the inferiority of
the despatches which it has been publishing by
announcing that it will hereafter take its news
from the United Associated Presses."

The Sacramento Record-Union says: "The
accession of the Examiner to the ranks of the
United Press leaves the San Francisco (Paronicle
alone in the moraling field in San Francisco
as a stockholder in the Chicago Associated
Press. Recently the Sait Lake Herald left
the Associated Press to take the United
Press news. West of the Rocky Mountains
the United Press is much stronger than
the Associated Press, the latter of which
has its headquarters in Chicago and the
former in New York. The best of the
interior papers take their service from the
United Press, and they are not only the best
papers of the interior, but are by far the most
numerous. The abandenment of the Associated
Press service by the Examiner practically closes
the contest on this coast in favor of the United Press service by the Examiner practically closes the contest on this coast in favor of the United Press."

FOUR CLAIM THE JEWELS.

Plaza Gave or Lent Them to Rebecco

Four hands were reaching out yesterday for two solitairs diamond rings and a sapphire and liamond scarfpin, worth \$450, in a case on appeal before the Appellate Division. Legal nanceuvres for the gems will probably eat up their cost.

Salvador Plaza of Caracas, Venezuela, came here last March, going to board at 233 West Fourteenth street. Several weeks later be became acquainted with another boarder there Rebecca Israel. He is a Cuban, who could not speak English, and as Miss Israel can speak Spanish, it was arranged that she should help him out in acquiring a knowledge of English. Plaza's acquaintance with Miss Israel, accordng to the papers in the case, is said to have begun on a Friday. On Sunday he gave her a shawl pin; on Monday, a steamer chair; on Tuesday, two Spanish books; on Thursday, the wo solitaire diamond rings and the sapphire

Tuesday, two Spanish books; on Thursday, the two solitaire diamond rings and the sapphire pin. She went with him over to Tiffany's, where, at her expense, she had the gems reset in lighter holdings.

Plaza was not making much headway in English, but any time lost in that respect, so Miss Israel states, he made up with protests of affection in Spanish. Miss israel says she tried to keep him to the original arrangement to teach him English, aithough it does not appear that the presents were understood by him to be made in view of such service, but he had a habit of wandering from the subject. They finally fell out in Spanish and he demanded his jewels. As she would not give up the jewels he had her arrested. He said that he had only left the jewels to her and that they did not belong to him. She was discharged by Magistrate Simms. In the course of this proceeding the jewelry was put in charge of Property Clerk Harriot, who still has it at Police Headquarters.

Then Salvadore Presas turned up with a demand for the jewels, which he said he had plodged with Plaza on a loan of \$250. Plaza got judgment in the First District Court for his claim of \$250 and costs. The judgment was not paid, and now he claims the jewels as forfeited. Then Alexander P. Sheridan, under an alleged assignment from Miss Israel, claimed the jewels. She repudiates the transfer. All four filled claims with the property clerk.

Miss Israel sued all parties, including the property clerk, for the jewels in the City Court, and obtained a judgment in her favor. The case came up before the Appellate Division on an appeal from this decision, and decision was reserved.

LOCAL BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Bicycles Upset Liveryman McAdams fas Well as Manufacturer McClave.

The Sheriff received yesterday four executions aggregating \$4,414, against John J. McAdams, well-known east side livery stable proprietor and a prominent Tammany Hall politician of the Twelfth Assembly district. He has been running four stables, three of them down town, at 224 East Broadway, 164 Division street, and 47 Chrystic street, and one up town, at 167 East Eighty-fourth street. The executions are in favor of Sigmund Fouchtwanger, \$1,478; John Dougherty, \$1,135; Charles Falkenberg, \$968, and Charles Sykes, \$833. Mr. McAdams owned the property at 164 Division street, which was mortgaged for \$24,000. He transferred it yesterday to John Duane, his father-in-law, to secure a past due debt. Herman Joseph, who acts creditors, said that the embarrassment of Mr. McAdams was due to the general stagnation in business, and particularly to the bicycle craze, which had greatly reduced the demand for carriages. He is going to resume and pay his creditors, possibly in full, if time is given him to work out of his present trouble. Mr. Joseph did not think the liabilities would ex-

oseph did not think the seed \$30,000, seed \$30,000 for the firm of John McClave & Schedules of the firm of John McClave & Schedules & Sons, manufacturers of bicycles at 371 Fifth avenue and 692 West Twenty-second street, show: Liabilities, \$15.221: nominal assets, \$9.430. Stephen Wood Clave, one of the partners, filed an individual edule. He has no absolute liabilities, but is schedule. He has no account institute, but is liable as the accommodation maker of notes, to the amount of \$35,500, discounted by the Garfield National Bank for the benefit of his father, the ex-Police Commissioner, upon the latter's endorsement, and given for money loaned by the bank.

sndorsement, and given for money touted by the bank.

Deputy Sheriff Williams put a keeper yesterday in the store of Henjamin Richards, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 26 Cortiandt street, on an attachment for \$3,159 obtained by Blumenstiel & Hirsch in favor of H. A. Cesar & Co., on an assigned claim for goods sold to Mr. Richards by Kiausner & Co.

Deputy Sheriff Butter serzed yesterday a large oil painting of a yacht race under an execution for \$435 against the "Who Won" Publishing Company in favor of Frank H. Adams. ompany in favor of Frank H. Adams

Justice White's Half Brother Fails, NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 1 .- A. R. Brousseau, one of the largest carpet dealers of New Orleans, has made an assignment for the benefit of his reditors. Assets, \$90,432.40; liabilities, \$286,-246.17. Of the Habilities \$154.024.21 are unsecured and \$132.221.90 secured by mortgage on real estate and pledges of securities. Mr. Brousseau is a half brother of Justice White, who was summoned here to look into the affairs of the firm before its failure.

FIGHTING IN CUBA.

The Insurgents Retreated Leisurely if They Louted Stores On the Way.

HAVANA, Oct. 1 .- A band of insurgents attacked the town of Canas, near Artemisa, in the province offPinar del Rio, yesterday, but were repulsed by the Spanish garrison. Before retiring the insurgents looted a number of stores nd burned several huts on the outskirts of the Of the recently expected 40,000 reënforce-

ments 30,347 men have arrived up to date.

The insurgents derailed a passenger train near Sabanilla in the Matanzas province, resterday, unsetting the engine and the armored car containing the train's escort. Four soldiers of the escort were injured.

Marceline Elljaide, a prisoner of war, has been sentenced to death for the crime of rebellion.

880,000 Butt Agalast Sridge Trustees. Justina Cooper has begun a suit in the Su preme Court in Brooklyn against the bridge trustees for \$30,000 damages for the loss of her husband. Thomas Francis Cooper, who was killed in the rear-end collision on the bridge on last Nov. It. It is a lieged that the accident could have been averted if proper signals and safety appliances had been used. Justice Dickey has denied a motion in behalf of the trustees for a bill of particulars. PLAIN TRUTH FOR SPAIN.

STINGING CRITICISM OF THE MAN-AGEMENT OF THE CUBAN WAR.

Senor Reparaz Says It Is Little Credit to the Insurgents That They Mave Out-witted, at Every Point, the Utterly In-competent Leaders of the Spanish Army. ment among its contemporaries on the Pacific MADRID, Sept. 16 .- The following paragraphs from an article upon the situation in Cuba by Se-flor Gonzalo Reparaz, the Heroldo's military critc, have caused a great deal of comment. As is always the case here whenever any one has the courage to tell the truth about what is going on in Cupa. Senor Reparaz is accused of unconsciously aiding the insurgent cause. Yet his allusions to Weyler's failure are considered to be

> justified. He says: "The nation is making a new effort toward the suppression of the Cuban rebellion. It would be a pity if, like all the preceding efforts, t should be futile for want of proper direction. It is too late now to inquire whether the present effort should have been on a larger scale. Some months ago I suggested that a great many soldiers would be needed, as there is really no masterful management of our campaign in Cuba, and this is the reason why we suffer so much in less of life and money. The enemy's courage has nothing to do with it. The ability of the insurgent leaders is exaggerated by their followers, and also by some Spaniards who are

> either foolish or ignorant of what they say. "Several months ago I wrote my opinion in reference to the two Maccos. The other chiefs are like them. They are favored by three circum stances: Complete support from the inhabitants in the regions where they operate; the lethargy of many of those whose duty it is to harass them and the incapacity of the men who rule in Spair and Cuba. With these three powerful allies, many insurgent chiefs have won renown which the do not deserve, and Maximo Gomes has been able to organize the campaign as he chose There is no doubt that he is the only man of any brains in the insurrection. He is a passable

brains in the insurrection. He is a passable organizer; bad-tempered, but endowed with some qualities as a leader.

"Had we acted as he did the course of the war would have been far different, and there would now have been no war. But as Maximo Gomez had the advantage of organizing the campaign, the strategic initiative was his. Ever since he frustrated the weak-hearted opposition of two of our chiefs, who were not very anxious to find him, and passed the Cauto River eighteen mouths ago, Maximo Gomez has done as he pleased, and our task has been reduced to opposing his purposes without being able to prevent his achieving them. To deny this would be puerlity unworthy of us.

"Nobody can say that we have achieved anything we purposed doing at the beginning of the campaign. Everybody knows that while Maximo Gomer intended to raise the six Cuban provinces against us, our purpose was to corral him in the most eastern part of the island before May of this year. Not only did we fail in this, but we also failed to clear the insurgents out of a single province, though promises were made that the should be done before larger and the statch is should be done before the reason.

a single province, though promises were made that this should be done before the last rainy eeason began.
"To have organized the war is the enemy's "To have organized the war is the same, agreat superiority. To compensate this we have had to throw men and more men on the other side of the scale. If there is not among us a leader to organize an effective campaign, the soldiers we have sent do not suffice, and Heaven many will be required.

With the men we have in Cuba a good leader would soon restore the prestige of our army and desiroy the prestige of Gomez. Coming events will soon reveal to the world the quality of the leadership of our army in Cuba.

The first problem the Commander-in-Chief must solve is that of distributing the new reënforcements. According to reliable news from Cuba 11.000 men will be assigned for service on the Jucaro and Moron military line, which has been rebuilt at great expense just a year after it might have been of some use. These troops will be commanded by Gen. Luque.

"To the Mariel-Majana trocha as many new soldiers will be sent as Gen. Avoias may demand. Thus there will be at least 15,000 soldiers of the new expedition diverted from active operations, or almost half of the recruits, for less than 35,000 men are going to Cuba now.

"One of two things must be done in Santiago de Cuba and Puerto Principe. Either our forces in these two reviews and the processor.

for less than 35,000 men are going to Cuba now.

"One of two things must be done in Santiago de Cuba and Puerto Principe. Either our forces in these two provinces must be increased or we must abandon Bayamo, Jiguani, Venta de Casa-Rova, Gualmaro, Cascorro, and other towns of more or less importance. I believe that the Commander-in-Chief will embrace the second alternative, for the situation there requires it. The blockade of Bayamo grows closer and closer every day. The enemy is so beld as to attack our forces at the very doors of the city. The roads to Guisa, Bueycito, Jiguani, and Canto Embarcadero are not accessible to our troops unless they go in large numbers, which seldom happens, since our forces there are numerically weak, and consequently these roads belong more to the enemy than to us. The convoys of supplies, through lack of protection, are always in danger of being captured, as recent acrowful experiences have proved. We have not only lacked troops. We have been wanting also in energy and vigilance. See Gen. Garco, for instance, who permitted men to be at large in Bayamo who should have been deported to our African settlements. Gen. Bosch put a stop to this incompetency, and Garco has been sent as second in command to the Artemisa trocha, which will become more im- passable than ever with so valuable a reënforcement.

to this incompanies as according to the Artemisa trocha, as accord in command to the Artemisa trocha, which will become more im- passable than ever with so valuable a reënforcement.

"The situation in Holguin is just as bad. The insurgent bands there have increased and they now have four cannon, which, bad though they now have four cannon, which, bad though they are, are more than sufficient to destrey forts are more with the theory of the road. from Holguin to Gibara is as bad as that from Manzanillo to Bayamo, and that from Holguin Manzanillo to Bayamo, and that from Holguin to Bayamo is still worse.

"Toward Mayari and Baracoa the insurgents do just as they please. There are no forces to open maritime communications. They have built forts along the coast.

"Pierto Principe is in no better condition than Santiago de Cuba. We hardly keep there the troops necessary to protect the convoys and the towns which are still left to us. No operations are carried on there, because no troops can be spared.

the towns which are still left to us. No operations are carried on there, because no troops
can be spared.
"If 15.000 men are sent to the two trochas
and 12.000 to Puerto Principe and Santiago de
Cuba-just enough to keep ourselves on the defensive—only 7.000 men will be left to take the
offensive against Macco in Pinar del Rio. As
nothing of importance can be achieved with
this additional force, the dry season will pass
and the mulatto chief will not receive the punishment he deserves."
Señor Reparaz tells the story of the trochas,
and concludes that they are worthless, because
shey require many thousands of men to guard
them and do not brevent the insurgents from
crossing. "To guard the Mariel trocha, which
is only twenty miles long." he adds, "fifteen
thousand men are insufficient, as Quintin Bandera may testify. Consequently 25,000 men
will not prevent the passage between Jucaro
and Moron, a distance of thirty-four miles."

La Correspondencia de España says that M.
Bauer, Rothschild's representative here, has
informed the Government that the \$200,000,000 loan cannot be floated now in Paris, because
all the bankers are out of that city.

The Cortes's last authorization provides that
the loan, which is to be obtained with the aid of

one cannot be floated how in Paris, because all the bankers are out of that city.

The Cortes's last authorization provides that the loan, which is to be obtained with the aid of the railroad companies, must be at least \$200.000.000; but the Government is beginning to realize that this is too much money to be easily found, and it intends now to resort to a previous law by which it is authorized to raise an unlimited loan guaranteed by one of the nation's sources of revenue. Even in this case the probabilities of success are not numerous, because the railroad companies, far from facilitating the loan, will hinder its negotiation, as they have been doing for several years.

Gen. Azcarraga, Minister of War, has declared that he will send another expedition to Cuba in November, but it will consist of 25,000 instead. vember, but it will consist of 25,000 instead

of 30,000 men.

El Pais rays that the ironclad Princesa de Asturias suffered heavy damages a few days ago while she was being launched. The launching had to be suspended. It is again said that the plates of the ironclad Carlos Quinto, not yet finished, are completely rotten.

Lu Epocu says that, notwithstanding the denial of other newspapers, the Supreme Council of War and Marine has reversed the sentence of death passed upon the Competitor men.

WEYLER'S BANK BILLS.

He Abandons His Futtle Effort to Keep

HAVANA, Sept. 26.-Little remains of Gen Weyler's bank bill edict. It provided that the new currency should be accepted by all at par with gold, but now Gen. Weyler has authorized the Stock Exchange to quote the value of gold against bank bills. The first quotation was made yesterday at 11 per cent. premium. A new military hospital will be established at the large building corner of Paseo del Prado

the large building corner of Passo del Prado and Dragones street, in this city.

An official report says that on the night of Sept. 23 three unknown men answered with their revolvers to the "Qui Vive" of a Spanish ambush at the Calzada de Concha, in this city. The Spanish solders returned the firing and the three men were killed. The general impression is that there was no such ambush and that the three victims were peaceable countrymen, suspected of being patriot sympathizers.

A patriot band entered the town of Santa Cruz del Sur. Puerto Principe, on the night of Sept. 21. No resistance was made by the Spanish garrison.

Cubans Arrested in Jamaica,

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Oct. 1 .- Several Cuban flicers conveying despatches to be cabled hence to the Junta in New York have arrived bere. They attempted to land surreptitiously, but were detected and placed under arrest for violating the quarantine laws. The papers in their possession were taken from them by the authorities. TORPEDO BOAT NO. 3 LAUNCHED. She Is to Make 24% Knots an :Hour-Un

BALTIMORE, Oct. 1 .- The first of the three ULLMANS' PLACE. orpedo boats which have been under construc-

> Joseph Ullman and his brother Alexander are two of the best known racing men in the city and their arrest occasioned no little comment in turf circles. Joseph Ullman is the Presiden of the East St. Louis Jockey Club.

vessels after men, as in the case of the Cushing and Ericasen.

The vessel launched to-day was built for the attainment of great speed, as will be her consorts. She will be required to attain a speed of 24½ knots an hour and maintain that pace fer two consecutive hours. Should she be unable to do it the builders must pay a penalty. No premium, however, will be allowed in case the speed is exceeded.

No. 3 when completed will cost about \$100,000. She is of the twin-back pattern. The engines will be of the twin-serew pattern. A new feature will be that of high-pressure cylinders aft in the starboard engine and forward in the port engine. This will give the vessel great speed advantage. The low-pressure cylinders will be forward on the starboard engine and aft on the port engine. This will give the boat different steam regulations, instead of the high, low, and intermediate methods. The two bollors will be of the Mosher pattern. The total grate surface will be 95 square feet. The boat is 100 feet in length on the water line, and will have a breadth at loadwater line of 16 feet and a displacement of 135 tons. Fireproof woodwork will be used in the engine and obler rooms. The use of this wood is an innovation in marine architecture. The First Regiment to Go South and Rts WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.-Movements of the First Artillery, stationed in and around New York

HUNT FOR A MURDERER.

that, while their bids were higher than the others submitted, the department should exercise its authority and give the boats to the firm most competent to turn out the fastest small craft in the country.

The Chief Constructor and the Chief Engineer Mount Verson for Sugilemo,

The Chief Constructor and the Chief Engineer have reported on the entire number of boats bid upon and suggested that they should be awarded to the lowest bidders. To-day this report was referred back for further consideration, and it is not improbable that when Mr. Herbert reaches Washington next week he may decide to allow the Herreshoffs to build the vessels. apples in the neighborhood of James Daly's farm, in Dunwoodie, and told her to tell Marie spieno, to whom he is engaged to be married, to meet him at Daly's farm to-day. Mrs. Dunshode promised that she would teil his sweetheart. Instead of doing so she told the police of this city. Policemen Ember and Lynch, disguised as huntsmen, went to look for the murderer.

The Italians of North Railroad avenue have been seen taking food late at night in the direction of Daly's farm, where the murderer is supposed to be hiding. Searching parties nave been organized and are scouring the woods to night. structor Hanscom, and Lieut. Sydney Staunton, constituting the Board of Inspection and Survey, will join the ship at Hampton Roads on Oct. 19 and take her out to sea, where she will be driven at full speed for forty-eight hours. Her big guns will be fired and she will be put through all the extreme tests of actual service. If no fault is found with the ship her builders will receive the \$76,000 reserved by the Gorrerment pending the trial. The Massachusetts left Tompkinsville to-day for Hampton Roads to prepare for the test, leaving Admiral Bunce's squadron, which at the same time put to sea for its last week of evolutions and drill off the coast.

FAR ROCKAWAY'S WATERWAY.

of the Asiatic fleet is to be maintained by the Navy Department. Orders sent the Yorktown to return home have been revoked, and she i directed to remain attached to the station. Admiral McNair, commanding the fleet, has rep miral McNair, commanding the fleet, has represented the necessity of continuing on the station a vessel of her draught, which, in case of missionary troubles, could ascend the shallow rivers and afford protection. In a few days the little gunboat will go into dry dock at Yokohama and be thoroughly overhauled preparatory to seeking winter quarters up some of the rivers near the missionary stations, where she will be placed in a mud-lock similar to that in which the Petrel lay two years ago during the Chinese war.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.- The will of the late Kate Field, the authoress, who died in Honolulu last May and whose remains, by her express request, are to be cremated, was offered for proquest, are to be cremated, was offered for probate in the Orphans' Court of this city to-day by the executors, H. H. Kohisaat of Chicago and T. Sandford Beatty of New York. The real property of Miss Field is estimated at \$12,000 and the personal property at \$2,000. The surviving relatives named in the petition are Grace Riddle of San Francisco, Henry Sediey and Mary Sediey Smith of New York city, Edward Riddle of Manitoba, George Riddle, Elizabeth C. Riddle, and Cora Riddle of Cambridge, Mass., and Kate Willcox of New Orleans. Appointments by the President.

BERMUDA HAS NO FLAG.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 .- The President has appointed Francis F. Claussen of Louisiana as sayer of the mint at New Orleans. Also the following Postmasters: Ole G. Vinzent at Berkeley, Cal.; John Hormstein at Boone, Ia.; Robert M. Porter at Williamston, Mich., and John L. Brooks at Georgetown, Tex.
Forty-nine fourth-class Fost Offices to-day became Presidential. All the occupants are reappointed except at Richmond Hill, N. Y., where John A. Homeyer was appointed.

Treasurer Morrison's Ball Fixed at \$160,000.

TROY, Oct. 1 .- Justice Fursman of the Supreme Court this afternoon fixed \$100,000 as the amount of bail for George H. Morrison, County Treasurer of Rensselaer county, in fail on a charge of grand larceny in misappropriating \$250,000 of county bonds. The Court directed that the bondsmen be required to justify in that the bondsmen be required to justify in double the amount.

This morning Morrison was arraigned before Police Magistrate Donohue. He walved ex-amination and was committed to juil to await the Grand Jury, which will convene on Monday.

In Search of Their Missing Daughter. ALBANY, Oct. 1 .- Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Murray of 12 Washington street, New York, appeared at Police Headquarters to-day and said that their daughter Katie, aged 14, went to the barge office at the Battery three weeks ago and barge office at the finitery three weeks ago and was engaged by Dr. Archibaid Vineberg, an optician of Albany, to come here and become a servant. The girl remained here five days, when Dr. Vineberg let her go because she threw a cup of coffes in the face of another girl in his employ. The Doctor told her to take the boat back to New York. The girl has not been heard of since, and the parents fear that some harm has befallen her.

Comstock's Hand at Gravesend.

Anthony Comstock was back of a raid at the Gravesend race track yesterday. A squad of officers from the Centre street court, in charge of Detective English, arrested Cashier charge of Detective English, arrested Cashier Bradley, who is in the employ of Joseph Uliman, a well-known layer of odds.

Two other employees of Uliman, Harry Edwards and Peter Dowling, were also taken into custody. The men were arrested on warrants issued to Anthony Comstock. The visit created no particular excitement, as the Morris Park cases last fall effectually established the fact that the layers of odds operating under the Percy-Gray law are vielating none of the statutes.

UP-TOWN POOL ROOM RAID

ANTHONY COMSTOCK CLOSES THE

His Detectives Bought Pools on Horses in the Room, and Occasionally Won, but Offener Lost Oot Their Money the Nex Day When They Won \$2,930 Selzed tion for several months at the Columbian Iron Werks for the United States navy was launched this afternoon in the presence of a large crowd. The unusual feature was the absence of Government officials. The navy was represented only Joseph Ullman, Alexander Ullman, Archibald C. Chandler, and Frederick Fisher were arrested by the constructors delegated to superintend the building of three vessels. The new boat yesterday at 19 West Twenty-sixth street on s will be known as Torpedo Boat No. 3, pending a charge of running a pool room. The four men were arraigned later before Magistrate Mott in decision as to the advisability of naming the vessels after men, as in the case of the Cushing and Ericssen. the Centre Street Police Court, where they furnished bonds in the sum of \$500 each for their appearance on being held for examination.

The arrest was made on the affidavits of De tectives Oram and Hanse of Anthony Comstock's society. Mr. Comstock says that as early as June 24 he ordered his men to get evidence against the alleged pool room at 19 West Twenty-sixth street. Oram, in his affidavit, says that he entered the place on that day, and after waiting a minute or two was approached by Joseph Ullman, who asked what he could do for him. The detective said that he would like to place \$5 on Margrave, a horse running that day at the Sheepshend Bay race track. Mr Ullman took him to one of the desks in the room, where his bet was recorded and a ticket given him. Margrave won, and the day following the detective returned to the pool room, presented his ticket, and received an envelope containing his winnings. Upon several occasions after that Oram and Hanse visited the place and played the

and received an envelope containing his winnings. Upon several occasions after that Oram and Hanse visited the place and played the races. Sometimes they were fortunate enough to win, but more frequently they lost. In each instance they could not get their winnings until the following day, when the money was handed out on presentation of the ticket.

Mr. Comstock got at last what he considered a proper amount of evidence, and upon it procured a warrant at the Centre Street Police Court. This was placed in the hands of Detectives English, Tierney, Twine, and Seatmans, who, accompanied by Mr. Comstock and his two detectives, went to West Twenty-sixth street and served the papers of arrest. A bout twenty persons were found in the rooms, but none but the two Ulimans and Chandler and Fisher his assistant. The news of the arrest spread rapidly, and in a few minutes a crowd numbering fully one thousand was in front of the place.

In addition to the prisoners, the policement captured five soap boxes full of pool room implements. In one of the drawers of Chandler and easy a large number of envelope was found, which collectively contained in money and checks \$2,930. Names were written upon the envelopes containing the money. These and the amounts were found to correspond with the winners of the Wednesday races. All this Mr. Comstock considers the best of evidence.

Lawyers Steinhard and Kaffinburgh of Howe & Hummel's office represented the prisoners in the police court. They made a hard effort to get Magistrate Mott to order the money returned to Uliman, but the Court directed that it be sent to the office of the District Attorney. Joseph Gideon, a brother of Pave Gideon, the turfman, became the surety for the four men, fr. Comstock, in speaking of the raid, said:

"I have at last, I think, broken up the Bookmakers' Association. This concern was cryanized immediately after the passage of the Percy-Grey Racing law, in speaking of the traid, said:

"It have at last, I think, broken up the Bookmakers' Association. This conc Fla., which will be the headquarters of the rogiment.

This post until three years ago was an infantry station, but was later changed to an artillery post and the infantrymen moved to McPherson, Atlants. Major Haskin and Batteries D. from Fort Wadtsworth, and G. from Fort Hamilton, are to be transferred to Jackson Barracks. Louisiana, Major John H. Calef and Battery B at Fort Slocum, and Battery A, at Fort Hamilton, are to be stationed at Key West, while Battery H. at Fort Slocum and Battery L, at Fort Wadsworth, go to Fort Barrancas, Florida. Battery I, at Fort Hamilton, eyes to Fort Monroe. The Third Artillery is transferred almost bodily to the Presidio at San Francisco.

Searching Parties Scour the Woods About

MOUNT VERNON, Oct. 1 .- Antonio Roniano, an Italian, who lived in New Rochelle and who was shot just below the heart Sunday afternoon at West and Oak streets, this city, by Frank Gugliemo, died late last night in St. Joseph's Hospital in Yonkers. Gugliemo has been hiding in the woods between this city and Yonkers since the shooting occurred. Yesterday morning he met Mrs. Dunshode, who was gathering apples in the neighborhood of James Daly's

in search of the inurderer. It he is captured, they may not wait for the law to take its course. Feeling runs high in this city to-night. The police have been told that Gugliemo killed a man in Italy and served fourteen years in pricon in that country for the crime. He was released on a promise to leave the country, and came to Mount Vernon two years ago. The police ex-pect to run the murderer down before morning.

The Fight to Close It Transferred to the

The fight between the Lancaster Sea Beach Improvement Company and the Board of Health of Far Rockaway over the closing of the waterway connecting Jamaica Bay with the ocean has been transferred to the courts. Former Corporation Counsel Jesse Johnson of Brooklyn yesterday, on behalf of the company, applied to Justice Dickey of the Supreme Court for an order enjoining the Board of Health from pre-tenting the closing up of the waterway. He said that the company owned the Edgemere Hotel and several cottages along the beach, valued at \$400,000.

Hotel and several cottages along the beach, valued at \$400,000. The waterway connects Norton's Creek with Rockaway Bay, and runs across a tongue of land in front of the Edgemere Hotel. The tide sweeps through the passage with such force as to threaten the entire property. Mr. Johnson said that when the company recently began to close up the channel the officers of the Board of Health came up with pistols, and threatened, if the work was not stopped, to use dynamite.

Lawyer Tredwell, representing the Hoard of Health, said that the pistols were drawn in self-defence while a constable was serving the order of the Board. He said that the channel had been in existence for fifteen sears, and was an outlet for the sewage of W. e Creat, and that to close it would endanger the public health. Justice Dickey reserved his decision.

Moxican Registry Erfused by the Consulate to the ex-Fillbuster.

The steamer Bermuda, before reported as having changed her name to Bonita Juarez and about to receive a Mexican registry, is still in port. At the office of the Mexican Consul it was said yesterday that it had been decided not to said yesterday that it had been decided not to grant a Mexican registry to the steamship. No cause was assigned, and, so far as the Consul was concerned, he would not consider the matter except on advices from Mexico. At the office of the Bermuda's agent, Daulel Bacon, it was said that the refusal was probably due to the interference of the Spaniards. There are several parties willing to charter the Bermuda for six months or more for the West Indian trade as soon as registry is assured. The vessel at present lies out in the stream off South Brooklyn, and all of her crew, except two or three men to watch her, have been paid off.

Cooper Union Opening

The Woman's Art School of Cooper Union for the Advancement of Science and Art was pened yesterday morning, and over 800 pupils began their studies for the season which ends the last week in May. There was no formal opening, each pupil reporting to R. Swain Gif-ford, N. A., Art Director, and being assigned to her class.

Justice Dickey of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn confirmed the report of Jackson Wallace, pany, and made an order dissolving the com-pany. The minority stockholders contend that they were frozen out, and will appeal from the

Chicago's Series of Hold-ups.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1 .- John Callan of 6408 Stony Island avenue was robbed and mertally shot last night by thugs at the corner of Sixty-first street and Woodlawn avenue. Callan was walksirect and woodsware as the was accosted by two men, one a negro and the other a white man. They demanded his money, which he refused to give up. The negre fired a shot at Callan. The weunded man dropped to the side-walk and the white man robbed him.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.



BEST IN NEW YORK. FALL SUITS

The suits we offer this Fall are better than usual-\$25 and \$30 kinds-or rather the kind that men get when they pay that for a suit at their tailors.

We will not sell them at that price-because it's too high.

Our price is \$9, \$10, \$12.50, \$15 and \$18.

The best for \$18. This store has always sold a big lot of overcoats-every Fall. This Fall we're going to sell just as many suits as overcoats. The suits we are offering are especially attractive as to style, value and price. That's the plan.

Here's the way: Every suit will be perfectly satisfactory to every purchaser. If not, he must bring it back. We'll refund or exchange, as desired.

E O THOMPSON chy Hall Park 245 Broadway

TUG RIGHT ARM ATTACHED. Hegeman & Ward, Part Owners, Proceed Against Besse, the Managing Owner.

The wrecking tug Right Arm was seized at Providence last Modnay on an attachment for a personal debt which Mr. Walter S. Hesse owes the firm of Hegeman & Ward of 43 South street, New York. Mr. Besse is the managing owner of the tug. The other owners are the Chapman Derrick and Wrecking Company of New York and Hegeman & Ward. Mr. Besse does a large business as manager of the vessels of his father, William H. Besse, who is in the shipping business in New Bedford, William H. Besse owns several large ships, most of which are engaged in the lumber trade between this city and San Francisco. He also builds barges, and has intrusted the New York end of his and has intrusted the New York end of his business to his son. The Right Arm is a powerful wrecking tug, and was purchased last March from the Davis Wrecking Company for \$65,000. Walter S. Besse owned a large interest in her at first, but it is understood he sold considerable of it, till his interest in her now is said to be one-sixth. one-sixth.
On the 3d of last August, according to Mr.

On the 3d of last August, according to Mr. Ward, young Mr. Besse horrowed \$1.500 from Hergeman & Ward. He explained that he was hard pressed but would return the money within a few days. Mr. Ward says that he called upon Besse about the middle of the month in reference to his debt. Mr. Besse, had just returned from a vacation and was unable to pay it at the time. He said he was expecting some large remittances in the course of a few days, and would meet his obligation very soon. Two weeks later, meet his obligation very soon. Two weeks later, according to Mr. Ward, Mr. Hegeman called at his office, and an announcement of Besse's marmeet his obligation very soon. Two weeks later, according to Mr. Ward, Mr. Hegeman called at his office, and an announcement of Besse's marriage at Stock bridge. Mass., was shown to him, but there was no explanation from Besse in regard to the money.

In consequence, Mr. Ward's firm attached Besse's interest in the Right Arm. Thirty-five minutes after the papers were served in Providence a certificate of transfer of Besse's interest to his father was filed in the New York Custom House. Mr. Ward says that since the tug was put under Besse's management no account has been rendered of her carnings, and a number of bills against her for coal and provisions have been left unpuid. These claims, Mr. Ward said, would be settled by the Chapmans.

Mr. Besse's father is expected to arrive here to-day, and some course of action in regard to the tug will then be decided upon. He may give a bond as security for the claim. If he does not his son's interest in the tug will be sold by the Sheriff next Wednesday. The bills against the tug are said to amount to several thousand dollars.

The Right Arm was built several years ago in Bath. Mr. She is one to the top to the tug will several thousand dollars.

thousand dollars.

The Right Arm was built several years ago in Bath, Me. She is one of the most powerful wrecking tugs in this vicinity. During the summer months she has been engaged in towing coal barges from Philadelphia to the East. She has always been an excellent investment.

BINDERNAGLE SENTENCED. The Freeholder Condemned to Do Hard Labor for One Year. Freeholder Philip Bindernagle, the proprie tor of Little Mente Carlo in Union Township, was called up for sentence yesterday in the General Sessions Court in Jersey City. He was under conviction for keeping a disorderly house where pool selling on horse races and other kinds of gambling were carried on, Allan L. McDermott, his counsel, made an application for a new trial, and Judge Hudspeth

refused to grant it. Judge Hudspeth, in adlressing Bindernagle, said: "You had a fair trial, and the jury convicted you of keeping a disorderly house. You were carrying on a retrehensible business, a business that is obnoxious in the eyes of the public. You had frequent warnings, yet you continued the business, although you must have ile. You had frequent warnings, yet you continued the business, although you must have known that punishment would eventually overtake you. The Court must impose a severe punishment as a warning to others who might be inclined to energe in the same reprehensible business. The sentence of the Court is that you be confined in the State prison at hard labor for one year, and thence until the costs of court are paid.

Bindernagle winced when the sentence was pronounced. Then he recovered himself and exclaimed;

exclaimed:
"I don't believe I had a fair trial. I have been persecuted by some people attached to this court. I thank you."

Mr. McDermoth immediately applied for a writ of error, and it was granted, the sung-mayors no option in the matter. Bindernagic was released on \$2,000 hall.

The Board of Frecholders was in session in the Circuit Court roam down stairs, but he did not attend the meeting. He is a candidate for reflection this fall. It was announced several days ago that he had withdrawn, but he says that he did not authorize any such announcement, and he intends to run for a vindication, if nothing else.

TO BE ARRESTED AT THE PIER Detectives Walting for a Man to Arrivo on the Campania To-day.

PROVIDENCE, R. L. Oct. 1 .- On the arrival of the passengers, William E. Smith, the Providence agent of the Berkshire Insurance Company, will be arrested on the charge of embezzlement, and, on his return to this city, the
charge of forgery will also be brought against
him. In July, Smith, being 55, took a vacation
and went to his former home in Selby, near
Leeds, England. An examination of his books
led to the charge of embezzlement of \$1,260
from the insurance company, and on changes
made in policies for purposes of conceaiment
is founded the charge of torpery.

A letter written by Smith to his wife, asking
her to neet him in New York, gave the clue to
his return. pany, will be arrested on the charge of embez

Better Bonds for Brooklyn Wheelmen, City Works Commissioner Willis of Brooklyn has received the approval of Mayor Wurster for numerous street Improvements for the special benefit of the wheelines. At the intersections of the atreet railroads the approaches to the asphated streets are to be smoothed, and a new macadamized roadway is to be constructed on Bedford avenue between St. Mark's avenue and the Eastern Parkway.

Bigamist Thompson Still at Large. William Radeliff Thompson, the alleged dgam st, who broke his parole on Wednesday afternoon, is still at large. His lawyer, Frank H. Grey, who promised Magistrate Wentworth that he would produce Thompson yesterday morning, did not appear in the Centre Street Police Court yesterday.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE. Refreshingly new fall novelties Factory Prices.

THE FUR SEAL PROBLEM. DR. JORDAN GIVES HOPE TRAZ THE SEAL MAY STILL LIVE.

Pelagte Sealing Has Cut Its Own Throat and the Fleet Did Not Pay Expenses This Year-All Facts Are Known and It Is Not Teo Late to Save the Berd, SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 1 .- Dr. David S. Jordan. head of the Behring Sea Commission for the investigation of the fur seal question, arrived in Scattle last night on the steamship city of To-peka in company with Fred A. Lucas of the Commission and Prof. D'Arcy W. Thompson. head of the British Commission, Dr. Jordan and Mr. Lucas left at once for San Francisco, while Prof. Thompson will spend several days in Victoria. Of the other members of the American Commission Capt. J. F. Moses of the Albatross and Dr. Leonard Stejneger are still on the Japanese coast, whither they have gone for the exploration of the Japanese fur seal islands; Charles H. Townsend is in San Fran-cisco collecting statistics, and George A. Clark and Col. Joseph Murray remain to record the breaking up of the rookeries on the island. The

Jordan: "Dr. Jordan and Mr. Lucas report that they are well satisfied with the work of the summer Every phase of the life and history of the fur seal has been critically studied, and all points heretofore in dispute have been settled beyond cavil. The first detailed census of fur seals has been made and the first complete examination of the various causes of their death. The con-

following statement was given out by Dr.

of the various causes of their death. The conclusions reached last year by Mr. Townsend in the study of killing seals at sea have been confirmed in every particular. A detailed report of the work of the summer will be sent at once to the Treasury Department.

"There is still a vast body of fur seals on the islands, more than the Commissioners were first led to expect, but the number is steadily declining. The only cause of this decline is the killing of females through palagic seviling. The tenniles are never molested on the Islands, but three-fourths of those killed in Behring Sea are nursing females. The death of the woher causes the death of the young on shore, so that for every four fur seals killed at sea three pups starve to death on shore. As each of those females is also pregnant, a like number of unborn pups is likewise destroyed.

"Pelagic sealing as an industry has siready cut its own throat, as the feet this year will not pay expenses. The killing of surplus young males, as provided for by law, has always been a benefit to the herd. The Commissioners believe that the way is onen to an honorable and amicable settlement of this question in a manner highly satisfactory alike to the United States and England and to Canada. There can be no longer any difference of opinion as to any facts in question.

o no longer any difference of opinion as to any

be no longer any difference of opinion as to any facts in question.

"The high character of the gentlemen selected by the British Foreign Office and their unquestioned ability give reason to believe that England will favor a prompt and equitable adjustment which will give ample protection to the fur seal herd. But the duty of the present commission closes with the statement of facts in question."

MOONSHINERS IN BROOKLYN. Revenue Officials Seize a Still in the

Brownsville District. Revenue officials in Brooklyn, under the direction of Agent Brooks, yesterday morning seized an illicit still in a two-story frame building at 5 New Lots road, in the Brownsville district. The

officials had been watching the house all Wednesday night, and when a wagon drove up at 8 o'clock yesterday morning it was seized, and the driver, Abraham Fox, was arrested. In the the driver, Abraham Fox, was arrested. In the wagon were several packages of compressed yeast, used in fermenting the grain. On the second floor the officials found a still with a capacity of about sixty gallons a day. When they entered Jacob Cohen was building a fire under it. There was no distilled liquor on the premises, all of it having been distributed the previous night, but there was a large quantity of sugar and other stuff used in the moon-shining business. Cohen, his wife, and five children occupied the lower part of the building. The prisoners said they had been employed for the last four months by a man named Goldberg. They were held for examination by United States Commissioner Morie. toldberg. They were held for examination by United States Commissioner Morie. It is said by the revenue men that there is some question whether the woman found in the house is the wife of Cowan or Fox. Each claimed her. The prisoners almost came to blows, directly after their arrest, in a dispute about the woman:

CHEATED AN AFFLICTED FAMILY. A West Hoboken Swindler Has Success

A week ago John Epgelbert of West Hoboken, an old man, who has been demented for some time, was committed to the county jail to await examination by the county physician. A welldressed young man called on Mr. Engelbert's son Adolph yesterday, representing himself to be a member of the State Medical Board. He inquired whether the family desired to have the father removed to the State asylum at Morristown or sent to Snake Hill. The family preferred the State asylum, and the visitor said that the charge would be \$7. Adolph Engelbers gave the swindler \$7, and started with him for the county jail to arrange for his father's removal. When near the jail the young man told iph to wait until he went for the father. He

ASKED TO BE ARRESTED. Fassell Had Stolen a Gold Watch, and Mis

Conscience Troubled Him. John Fassell, aged 16 years, of 128 Ten Eyek street, Williamsburgh, entered the Stagg street police station late on Wednesday night, and tearfully asked to be arrested. He told the deak Sergeant that his conscience had troubled him Sergeant that his conscience had troubled him since Tuesday, when he stole a gold watch and chain from David Russiman of 28 Marcy avenue. On that day Fassell helped Russiman to move. Fassell was detained at the station house white a detective went to Russiman's house. Not till then did Russiman know that he had been robbed. Fassell was locked up, and when he was arraigned in the Ewen Street Police Court yesterday Russiman declined to prosecute him, and Justice Lemon discharged him.

Costello May Never Perform Again. Arthur Costello, the trapeze performer who fell while jumping from one trapeze to another at Bentley's circus in Morrisania on Wednesday, was removed from the Harlem Hospital to is home at 307 East 100th street yesterday. It is feared that Costello's days as an acrobat are over, as the physicians say that in addition to breaking one log and spraining the other ankle, he has sustained a fracture of the right hip joint, which may make him a cripple for him.

Costello performed with his brother, and was a particularly during acrobat. He has had a number of falls, but has always recovered and gone back to his profession again. Rallway Mail Clerks Had to Move. During the twenty-one years that the Post Office has been in its present location the clerks employed in the Ratiway Mail Service have had sleeping accommodations on the fifth floor of the Federal building. To-night, however, the clerks will sleep in rooms they have engaged as Ed and US Vescy street, as the constantly growing demand for increased working space in the building has resulted in Postmaster Dayton's appropriating the larger room occupied as a dormitory to Post Office purposes. The clerks, when they heard they were to be disposeeded, appealed against it to the Post Office authorities in Washington, but in vain.

Fined \$100 for Cruelty to a Horse. William McGovern, a truckman at Christopher and Washington streets, was fined \$100 in the Court of Special Sessions yesterday for

making use of a horse which was covered with sores. McGovern was prosecuted by Superintendent Hankinson of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, who, after having the animal photographed so that its condition could be better shown to the Justices, had it shot. In passing sentence Presiding Justice Holbrook denounced the trackman for his cruelty. An Illinois Pastor for Brooklyn.

A unanimous call has been sent to the Rev. Dr. John F. McFarland of Jacksonville, Ill., to become the pastor of the New York Avenue

Methodist Church in Brooklyn when the Rev. Dr. Meivlife B. Chapman's term will expire next April. The New York Avenue Church is the wealthlest in the Methodist denomination in Brookless. Kate Field's Body to Be Sent Home, San Francisco, Oct. 1.—Consul-General Mills of Honoiniu will send the body of Kate Field to the United states for cremation, there being no facilities for that purpose in Honoiniu.

CARPET

T. M. STEWART CLEANING 326 7th AV.